ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL OVERVIEW

The Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC) system is designed to aid the driver to maintain a gap from the vehicle ahead or a set road speed if there is no slower vehicle ahead.



ACC is not a collision warning or avoidance system. Additionally, ACC will not react to:

- Pedestrians or objects in the roadway.
- Oncoming vehicles in the same lane.

The ACC system uses a radar sensor, which projects a beam directly forward of the vehicle, to detect objects ahead.

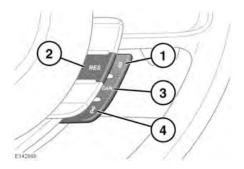
The radar sensor is mounted behind the badge in the upper grille, to provide a clear view forward for the radar beam.

- Only use ACC when conditions are favourable (i.e., main roads with traffic moving in lanes).
- Do not use in poor visibility, specifically fog, heavy rain, spray or snow.
- Do not use on icy or slippery roads.
- It is the driver's responsibility to stay alert, drive safely and be in control of the vehicle at all times.
- Keep the front of the vehicle free from dirt, metal badges or objects, including vehicle front protectors, which may prevent the sensor from operating.
- Do not use ACC when entering or leaving a motorway.
- Do not use during abrupt or sharp turns, e.g., traffic islands, junctions, areas with many parked vehicles or areas shared with pedestrians.

USING ACC

The system is operated by controls mounted on the steering wheel. The driver can also intervene at any time, by use of the brake or accelerator pedals.

Setting the vehicle's speed, activating and deactivating ACC is done in the same way as using Cruise control. See **82, USING CRUISE CONTROL**.



- 1. Gap decrease button.
- 2. **RES** (Resume): Resumes the ACC set speed after it has been disengaged.
- 3. CAN (Cancel) button.
- 4. Gap increase button.

ENTERING FOLLOW MODE

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When in Follow mode, the vehicle will not decelerate automatically to a stop, nor will the vehicle always decelerate quickly enough to avoid a collision.

Once a set speed has been selected, the driver can release the accelerator and the set road speed will be maintained.

When a vehicle ahead enters the same lane or a slower vehicle is ahead in the same lane, the vehicle's speed will be adjusted automatically until the gap to the vehicle ahead corresponds to the default gap setting (gap level 3). The vehicle is now in **Follow mode**. The amber warning lamp in the Instrument panel will be illuminated, see **46, FOLLOW MODE (AMBER)**.

The Message centre will display the gap, set in the form of a vehicle with a varying number of bars in front of it.

The vehicle will then maintain the constant time gap to the vehicle ahead until:

- The vehicle ahead accelerates to a speed above the set speed.
- The vehicle ahead moves out of lane or out of view.
- A new gap distance is set.

If necessary, the vehicle's brakes will be automatically applied, slowing the vehicle and maintaining the gap to the vehicle in front.

The maximum braking which is applied by the ACC system is limited and can be overridden by the driver applying the brakes, if required.

Note: Driver braking will cancel ACC.

If the ACC system predicts that its maximum braking level will not be sufficient, then an audible warning will sound while the ACC continues to brake. **DRIVER INTERVENE** will be displayed in the Message centre. The driver should take immediate action.

When in Follow mode, the vehicle will automatically return to the set speed when the road ahead is clear, for instance when:

- The vehicle in front accelerates or changes lane.
- The driver changes lane to either side or enters an exit lane.

The driver should intervene, if appropriate.

If a direction indicator is used, ACC will reduce the gap to the vehicle ahead so as to respond more quickly to the anticipated manoeuvre. If a manoeuvre is not actioned, the previous gap will be restored after a few seconds. Enhanced response may not occur if ACC detects that it is inappropriate, i.e., you are already too close to the vehicle ahead or you are already in another lane.

CHANGING THE FOLLOW MODE SET GAP



It is the driver's responsibility to select a gap appropriate to the driving conditions.

Four gap settings are available and the selected gap setting will be displayed in the Message centre when either gap adjustment button is pressed.

Each gap level is indicated by an additional bar in front of the vehicle icon in the Message centre (one bar (gap level 1) being the shortest, four bars (gap level 4) being the longest). After the ignition is switched on, the default gap (gap level 3) will be automatically selected, ready for ACC operation.

If Winter mode is selected, then the longest gap (gap level 4) will initially be selected.

OVERRIDING THE SPEED AND FOLLOW MODE



Whenever the driver is overriding the ACC by depressing the accelerator pedal, the ACC will not automatically apply the brakes to maintain separation from any vehicle ahead. The set speed and gap can be overridden by pressing the accelerator pedal when cruising at constant speed or in Follow mode. If the vehicle is in Follow mode, the warning lamp will go out when the ACC is overridden by the driver using the accelerator and **CRUISE OVERRIDE** will be displayed on the Message centre. When the accelerator is released the ACC function will operate again and vehicle speed will decrease to the set speed, or a lower speed if Follow mode is active.

QUEUE ASSIST

Queue assist is an enhancement of Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC) and, when active, will follow a vehicle ahead to a standstill. It is intended for use in lines of traffic on major roads, where minimal steering is required.

If a vehicle ahead slows to a halt, Queue assist will bring the vehicle to a stop and hold it stationary.

While the vehicle is held stationary, Queue assist will request the Electric Parking Brake (EPB) to apply if:

- The driver cancels Queue assist.
- The vehicle is stopped for more than 3 minutes.
- Driver intention to exit the vehicle is detected.
- A malfunction is detected.

As the vehicle ahead moves away, a brief press on the accelerator will resume ACC operation.

At very low speed, Queue assist may stop for stationary objects, e.g., when the vehicle ahead changes lane to reveal a stationary object. The vehicle's radar cannot always distinguish between a stationary vehicle and a fixed object like a road sign, drain cover or temporary barrier. This may cause unexpected braking or cancellation and the driver should intervene, if appropriate.

ACC AUTO OFF

ACC will disengage, but not clear the memory when:

- The CAN button is pressed.
- The brake pedal is pressed.
- Neutral (N), Park (P) or Reverse (R) gear is selected.
- Dynamic Stability Control (DSC) activates.
- Maximum vehicle speed is reached.

ACC will disengage, and clear the memory when:

- The ignition system is switched off.
- A fault occurs in the ACC system.

RESUMING THE SPEED AND FOLLOW MODE

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RES should only be used if the driver is aware of the set speed and intends to return to it.

By pressing the **RES** button after ACC has been cancelled, for example, after braking, the ACC will become active again provided that the set speed memory has not been erased. The original set speed will be resumed (unless a vehicle ahead causes Follow mode to become active) and the set speed will be displayed in the Message centre for 4 seconds. Queue assist may be resumed above 10 km/h (6 mph).

Note: When the set speed is resumed, the rate of acceleration is influenced by the previously set Follow mode gap. A closer set gap will promote greater acceleration.

Note: When resuming a set speed while in a curve, acceleration is reduced. A more severe curve will reduce acceleration further. Remember that ACC and Queue assist are primarily for use when minimal steering is required.

HINTS ON DRIVING WITH ACC

The system acts by regulating the speed of the vehicle using engine control and the brakes. Gear changes may occur in response to deceleration or acceleration while in ACC mode.

ACC is not a collision avoidance system. However, during some situations, the system may provide the driver with an indication that intervention is required.

An audible alarm will sound, accompanied by the message **DRIVER INTERVENE** if the ACC detects:

- A failure has occurred while the system is active.
- That using maximum ACC braking only is not sufficient.

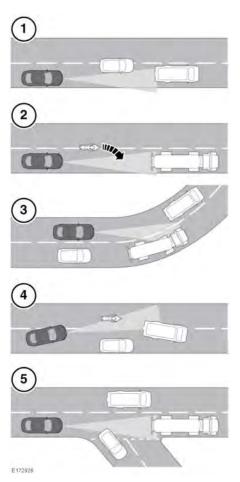
Note: ACC operates when the gear selector is in position **S** or **D**.

Note: When ACC is engaged, the accelerator pedal rests in the raised position. Fully release the pedal to allow normal ACC operation.

Note: When braking is applied by the ACC system, the vehicle's brake lamps will be switched on, although the brake pedal will not move.

Note: When Intelligent stop/start is fitted, it may operate during a Queue assist stop. Press the accelerator pedal for longer than normal to restart the engine and move off.

DETECTION BEAM ISSUES



Detection issues can occur:

- 1. When driving on a different line to the vehicle in front.
- 2. When a vehicle edges into your lane. The vehicle will only be detected once it has moved fully into your lane.
- **3.** When going into and coming out of a bend.

- 4. When moving around a stationary vehicle. This may cause uncertainty as to which vehicle should be followed.
- When the vehicle ahead turns out of your lane. This may cause uncertainty as to which vehicle should be followed.

In these cases, ACC may brake late or unexpectedly. The driver should stay alert and intervene, if necessary.

ACC MALFUNCTION

If a malfunction occurs during operation of the system in cruise or follow modes, the ACC system will switch off and cannot be used until the fault is cleared. The message **DRIVER INTERVENE** appears briefly and is then replaced by the message **CRUISE NOT AVAILABLE**. If malfunction of the ACC or any related system occurs at any other time, the message **CRUISE NOT AVAILABLE** will be displayed. It will not be possible to activate the ACC system in any mode.

Accumulations of dirt, snow or ice on the sensor or cover may inhibit ACC operation. Fitting of a vehicle front protector or metallised badges may also affect ACC operation.

The ACC system relies on its radar to detect objects and constantly scans ahead. If the radar detects no objects ahead in ACC or **Follow mode**, then the ACC will be deactivated, the audible alarm sounds and the message **DRIVER INTERVENE** displays briefly. The message **ACC SENSOR BLOCKED** will then be displayed.

The same messages may also be displayed while driving on open roads with few objects for the radar to detect. Clearing the obstruction allows the system to return to normal operation. If the obstruction is present when ACC is inactive (e.g. on initial starting or with the ACC system switched off), the message **ACC SENSOR BLOCKED** will be displayed.

Tyres other than those recommended for your vehicle, may have different sizes. This can affect the correct operation of the ACC.

FORWARD ALERT FUNCTION

The system may not react to slow moving vehicles.

Limited detection and warning of objects ahead, is provided during ACC operation by the ACC **FORWARD ALERT** warning. The enhanced forward alert feature additionally provides warnings when ACC is not engaged; if an object is detected close ahead, then the warning tone and message will be issued. The brakes will not be applied.

The forward alert system does not initiate any action. The driver must take appropriate action when the **FORWARD ALERT** message is displayed. However, the system monitors driver actions (e.g. braking, steering or indicating) and may not initiate the warning display if the appropriate action has been taken early enough.

The Forward alert function may be switched on or off from the **Driving Features** menu in the Instrument panel menu (see **41, INSTRUMENT PANEL MENU**). When the warning lamp in the Instrument panel illuminates Forward alert is enabled, see **47, FORWARD ALERT (GREEN)**.

The sensitivity of the warning may be changed:

- Press the gap decrease button when ACC is disengaged to display and then decrease the sensitivity of the alert.
- Press the gap increase button to display and then increase the sensitivity of the alert.

Note: The forward alert set gap is retained when the ignition is switched off.

FORWARD ALERT is displayed in the Message centre.

ADVANCED EMERGENCY BRAKE ASSIST

- The system may not react to slow moving vehicles and will not react to stationary vehicles or vehicles travelling in the opposite direction.
- Warnings may not appear if the distance to the vehicle ahead is very small or if steering wheel or pedal movements are large (e.g. to avoid a collision).
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The system utilises the same radar sensor as ACC and Forward alert - the same limitations of performance apply.

Advanced emergency brake assist is available at speeds above approximately 7 km/h (5 mph) and improves braking response during emergency braking, when a moving vehicle is detected close ahead.

If the risk of collision increases after the **FORWARD ALERT** warning is displayed, advanced emergency brake assist is activated. The brakes are automatically applied gently in preparation for rapid braking (this may be noticeable). If the brake pedal is then pressed quickly, full braking is implemented, even if only light pressure is applied to the pedal. See **79**, **EMERGENCY BRAKE ASSIST (EBA)**.

Note: Braking performance will only be improved if the driver applies the brakes.

Advanced emergency brake assist will function even if Forward Alert and ACC are switched off. If there is a fault with the system, **FORWARD ALERT UNAVAILABLE** is displayed in the Message centre. The vehicle can still be driven and the braking system will still operate, but without advanced emergency brake assistance. Consult your Retailer/Authorised Repairer to have the fault rectified.

INTELLIGENT EMERGENCY BRAKING



The Intelligent Emergency Braking (IEB) system may not react to slow moving vehicles.

The system will not react to stationary vehicles or vehicles that are not travelling in the same direction as your vehicle.



Warnings and automatic braking may not occur if the distance to the vehicle ahead is very small, or if the steering wheel and pedal movements are large (e.g., to avoid a collision).



IEB uses the same radar sensor as ACC and Forward alert. The same limitations of performance apply. See 83, ADAPTIVE CRUISE CONTROL OVERVIEW.

When ACC is fitted, IEB is available at all speeds and will function even if ACC and Forward alert are switched off. The purpose of IEB is to reduce the impact speed with a slower vehicle ahead when a collision becomes unavoidable. IEB can be disabled/enabled via the Instrument panel menus, **Driving Features** and **IEB**. See **41**, **INSTRUMENT PANEL MENU**. If an imminent risk of collision occurs, an audible warning is given. If a collision becomes unavoidable, IEB will apply the brakes at up to maximum pressure. After IEB has activated, **IEB System Was Activated** is displayed in the Message centre and the system is inhibited from further operation until reset by a Retailer/ Authorised Repairer.

Note: The distance required to slow or stop the vehicle is dependent on the condition of the vehicle's tyres and the current road surface.

If the radar sensor is blocked, by snow or heavy rain, for example, or there is a fault with the system, **IEB Not Available** is displayed in the Message centre. The vehicle can still be driven and the braking system will still operate, but without IEB. If the radar sensor is not considered to be blocked, consult a Retailer/ Authorised Repairer.