## Child safety

- Adjust the seat cushion to its highest position. If cushion front tilt adjustment is possible, adjust it to its lowest position.
- Adjust the seat back to the fully upright position.
- Adjust the seat belt adjustable upper anchorage to its lowest position.


## Extreme hazard! Do not use a

 rearward facing child restraint on a seat protected by an airbag in front of it.

This symbol, affixed to the end of the fascia on the passenger side, warns against the use of a rear-facing child seat in the front passenger seat, when a front passenger airbag is fitted and operational.

## CHILD RESTRAINT CHECK LIST

Every time a child travels in the vehicle observe the following:-

- Use appropriate child restraints.
- Carefully follow the restraint system manufacturer's instructions.


## CHILD SEAT POSITIONING

(1)

Information given within the table is correct at the time of going to press. However, availability of child restraints may change. Please consult your Dealer/ Authorised Repairer for the latest recommendation.

- Adjust the harnesses for every child on every trip.
- Ensure that all slack is removed from the adult seat belt.
- Always attach the top tether when installing an ISOFIX seat.
- Always check the security of the child restraint.
- Do not dress a child in bulky clothing, or place any objects/padding between the child and the restraint.
- Regularly check the fit and condition of child restraints. If the fit is poor, or wear/damage is visible replace the restraint immediately.
- Set a good example - always wear your seat belt.

Child restraint anchorages are designed to withstand only those loads imposed by correctly fitted child restraints. Under no circumstances are they to be used for adult seat belts, harnesses or for attaching other items or equipment to the vehicle.

## bOOSTER SEATS

In a situation where a child is too large to fit into a child safety seat, but is still too small to safely fit the 3 point belt properly, a booster seat is recommended for maximum safety. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for fitting and use, then adjust the seat belt to suit.

Note: The information contained in the following table may not be applicable to all countries. If you are in any doubt regarding the type and fitment of child seats seek advice from your Dealer/Authorised Repairer.

| Mass group | Seating positions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Front passenger* | Rear outboard | Rear centre |
| 0 = Up to 10 kg (22 lb.) 0 to 9 months | X | U | U |
| O+ = Up to 13 kg (29 lb.) 0 to 18 months | X | U | U |
| I = 9 to 18 kg (20 to 40 lb .) 9 months to 4 years | UF | U | U |
| II = 15 to 25 kg (33 to 55 lb.$) 4$ to 9 years | U | U | U |
| IIII $=25$ to 36 kg (55 to 80 lb.$) 8$ to 12 years | U | U | U |

- $\mathbf{U}=$ Suitable for universal category restraints approved for this mass group.
- UF = Suitable for forward facing Universal category restraints approved for this mass group.
- $\mathbf{X}=$ Not suitable for child restraint fitment in this mass group.
* Jaguar recommend that the front passenger seat be positioned fully rearward, with the cushion adjusted to the highest position when installing child restraints.
Note: Ages given are approximate. In case of doubt, the child's weight, not age, should be used when considering an appropriate child seat.

Crash statistics show that children are safest when properly restrained in a child or infant restraint system that is secured in a rear seating position.

